Insecticidal Compounds from Tripterygium wilfordii Active against Mythimna separata

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In the course of screening for novel naturally occurring insecticides from plants, the ethanol extract of the root bark of *Tripterygium wilfordii* Hook f. was found to show insecticidal activity against larvae of *Mythimna separata* Walker. Three active compounds were isolated by bioassay-guided fractionation of the extract and characterized as triptolide (1), triptonide (2) and euonine (3) by IR, 1 H and 13 C NMR and mass spectral analysis. Compounds 1 and 2 showed strong contact activity against 13 C or 14 L arvae of *M. separata* (LD₅₀ 1.6 μ g/insect for 1, 2.9 μ g/insect for 2, no contact activity for 3; LD₅₀ is the lethal dose for 14 C mortality). The antifeedant activity against the 14 C larvae of *M. separata* after a 24-h treatment was demonstrated; 1, 2 and 3 gave EC₅₀ (effective concentration causing 50% antifeedance) values of 0.25, 0.35 and 0.02 mm, respectively. 1 and 2 were inferior to the positive control represented by toosendanin (12 a-acetoxyamoorastatin), 3 was superior to toosendanin. For the ingested toxicity against *M. separata*, 1 had the more potent activity with an KD₅₀ value of 13 5 μ g/g (insect body weight) than toosendanin. This is the first report on insecticidal activity of these three compounds.

Key words: Tripterygium wilfordii, Insecticidal Compounds, Mythimna separata